# The LaTeX template generator

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- 1 Motivation
- 2 User Experience
- 3 Developer Experience

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# **IEEE Template**

### **Simplified IEEE Template**



Quick start for modern LaTeXing for an IEEE conference, based on the Manuscript Template for Conference Proceedings.

The official template is distributed via CTAN as the IEEEtran package, which is actively maintained. However, de-facto configurations (hyperref) and modern features of latex (microtype) are not configured. This page does it.

### **Features**

- Provides skeletal paper-conference.tex and paper-conference-compsoc.tex files.
- Generated PDF allows for copy and paste of text without getting words with ligatures such as
  "workflow" destroyed. This is enabled by the cmap package, which encodes ligatures (such as
  fl) using unicode characters.
- Support of hyperlinked references without extra color thanx to hyperref.
- Better breaking of long URLs.
- Support for \powerset command.
- Support todos as pdf annotations. This is enabled by the pdfcomment package.
- microtypographic extensions for a better look of the paper.
- Adds modern packages such as microtype, cleveref, csquotes, booktabs, paralist, hyperref, hypcap, upquote.
- Shows how IEEE copyright notice can be added.
- Optional: Support for minted package. Prepared in paper-conference-minted.tex .
- Ready-to-go configuration for latexindent.

# **LNCS Template**

# **Simplified LNCS Template**

circleci passing

Quick start for modern LaTeXing with LNCS.

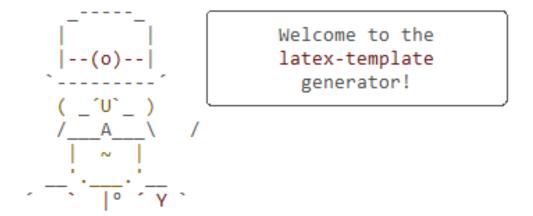
### **Features**

- Support for German documents (without broken headers): Contains a fix to increase compatibility with Babel. See https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/441701/9075 for details.
- Provides a skeletal paper.tex file.
- Generated PDF allows for copy and paste of text without getting words with ligatures such as
   "workflow" destroyed. This is enabled by glyphtounicode , which encodes ligatures (such as
   fl) using unicode characters.
- Automatic setting of "Fig." and "Section"/"Sect." according to the LNCS style. Just use
   \Cref{sec:xy} at the beginning of a sentence and \cref{sec:xy} in the middle of a sentence. Thank to cleveref.
- Support of hyperlinked references without extra color thanx to hyperref.
- Better breaking of long URLs.
- Sharper font (still compatible with Springer's requirements).
- Support for \powerset command.
- Support todos as pdf annotations. This is enabled by the pdfcomment package.
- microtypographic extensions for a better look of the paper.
- Adds modern packages such as microtype, cleveref, csquotes, paralist, hyperref, hypcap, upquote, natbib, booktabs, cfr-lm.
- Optional: Support for minted package. Uncomment \usepackage[newfloat]{minted} to get started.
- Optional: Compile with lualatex instead of pdflatex .
- Ready-to-go configuration for latexindent.

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# **User Experience: Installing and Starting the Generator**

- npm install -g yo generator-latex-template
- \$ yo latex-template



? Which template should be generated?
 Scientic Thesis
 Association for Computing Machinery (ACM)
> Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
 Springer's Lecture Notes in Computer Science (LNCS)

```
$ npx yo c:\git-repositories\latextemplates\generator-latex-template
                        Welcome to the
    |--(o)--|
                        latex-template
                          generator!
   ( ´U` )
\__A__\\ \_\_\\_\\
? Which template should be generated? Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
? Which variant of IEEE paper? conference paper
? Which paper size to use? A4
? Overleaf compatibility? yes
? Which TeXLive compatibility? TeXLive 2023
? Should a Dockerfile be generated? yes (Reiztig)
? Which language should the document be? English
? Which package to typeset listings? minted (requires a working Python installation)
? Which package to use to "enquote" text? csquotes (\enquote{...} command)
? Enable hyphenation tweak (e.g., application"=specific for app-lication-specific at a linebreak) or enable easy quotation (e.g.
 "application"; not common in default latex setups)? Hyphenation tweak
? Which package to mark TODOs? pdfcomment
? Include hints on text (e.g., how to write an abstract)? Yes
? Include minimal LaTeX examples? Yes
```

```
$ npx yo c:\git-repositories\latextemplates\generator-latex-template
                        Welcome to the
                        latex-template
    |--(o)--|
                          generator!
    ( ´U` )
 ` _ ´ . _ ^ _ . _ ^ A ·
? Which template should be generated? Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
? Which variant of IEEE paper? conference paper
? Which paper size to use? A4
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 "application"; not common in default latex setups)? Hyphenation tweak
? Which package to mark TODOs? pdfcomment
? Include hints on text (e.g., how to write an abstract)? Yes
? Include minimal LaTeX examples? Yes
create .gitignore
create .editorconfig
create paper.bib
create latexmkrc
create localSettings.yaml
create LICENSE
create Makefile
create paper.tex
create README.md
create .dockerignore
create Dockerfile
create Texlivefile
create .github\workflows\check.yml
```

# Quick start for LaTeXing with IEEEtran.cls for IEEE Computer Society Conferences

First Author, Second Author University of Examples, Germany {lastname}@example.org Third Author School of Electrical and Computer Examples Georgia Institute of Examples Atlanta, Georgia 30332–0250 http://www.example.org

Abstract—Write an abstract for your work. Replace each of the points below with one sentence (two if you must) and you have your abstract. Write it when you finished your entire report.

Introduction. In one sentence, what's the topic? Phrase it in a way that your reader will understand. If you're writing a PhD thesis, your readers are the examiners – assume they are familiar with the general field of research, so you need to tell them specifically what topic your thesis addresses. Same advice works for scientific papers – the readers are the peer reviewers, and eventually others in your field interested in your research, so again they know the background work, but want to know specifically what topic your paper covers.

State the problem you tackle. What's the key research question? Again, in one sentence. (Note: For a more general essay, I'd adjust this slightly to state the central question that you want to address) Remember, your first sentence introduced the overall topic, so now you can build on that, and focus on one key question within that topic. If you can't summarize your thesis/paper/essay in one key question, then you don't yet understand what you're trying to write about. Keep working at this step until you have a single, concise (and understandable) question.

Summarize (in one sentence) why nobody else has adequately answered the research question yet. For a PhD thesis, you'll have an entire chapter, covering what's been done previously in the literature. Here you have to boil that down to one sentence. But 'abstract' means a summary of the main ideas with most of the detail left out. So feel free to omit detail! (For those of you who got this far and are still insisting on writing an essay rather than signing up for a PhD, this sentence is really an elaboration of sentence 4 – explore the consequences of your new perspective).

As a single sentence, what's the key impact of your research? Here we're not looking for the outcome of an experiment. We're looking for a summary of the implications. What's it all mean? Why should other people care? What can they do with your research. (Essay folks: all the same questions apply: what conclusions did you draw, and why would anyone care about them?)

#### I. Introduction

Purpose and scope of your entire report. The purpose of your entire report is to make a scientific argument using the scientific method. A scientific argument always has the following steps that all must come in this order.

SM1 Explicate the assumptions and state of the art on which you are going to conduct your research to investigate your research problem/test the hypothesis.

SM2 Clearly and precisely formulate a research problem or hypothesis.

#### VII. LATEX HINTS

This section contains hints on writing LaTeX. It focuses on minimal examples, which can be directly adapted to the content

#### A. Handling of paragraphs

One sentence per line. This rule is important for the usage of version control systems. A new line is generated with a blank line. As you would do in Word: New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter. In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as LaTeX joins subsequent lines. In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter twice (!). This leads to an empty line. In word, there is the functionality to press shift and enter. This leads to a hard line break. The text starts at the beginning of a new line. In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes (\\).

This is rarely used.

Please do *not* use two backslashes for new paragraphs. For instance, this sentence belongs to the same paragraph, whereas the last one started a new one. A long motivation for that is provided at http://loopspace.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.3.

#### Corresponding LATEX code of paper.tex

```
621 One sentence per line.
622 This rule is important for the usage of version control
623 A new line is generated with a blank line.
624 As you would do in Word:
625 New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter.
626 In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as LaTeX joins
627 In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter twice (!).
629 In word, there is the functionality to press shift and enter.
630 This leads to a hard line break.
    The text starts at the beginning of a new line.
632 In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes
    633 This is rarely used.
635 Please do \textit{not} use two backslashes for new paragraphs.
6% For instance, this sentence belongs to the same paragraph,

    whereas the last one started a new one.

637 A long motivation for that is provided at \url{http://|
    → loopspace.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.3}.
```

### D. Typesetting Units

Numbers can written plain text (such as 100), by using the siunitx package like that:  $100 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$ , or by using plain LaTeX (and math mode):  $100 \frac{\text{km}}{h}$ .

### 

### 5% of $10 \,\mathrm{kg}$

### Corresponding LATEX code of paper.tex

```
SI{5}{\operatorname{supercent}}  of SI{10}{kg}
```

\$100 \frac{\mathit{km}}{h}\$.

Numbers are automatically grouped: 123 456.

### Corresponding LATEX code of paper.tex

Numbers are automatically grouped: \num{123456}.

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### main.en.tex

```
% This template has been tested with LLNCS DOCUMENT CLASS -- version 2.21 (12-Jan-2022)
  6
      <% break; case "ieee": -%>
      % This template has been tested with IEEEtran of 2015.
 9
     <% break; } -%>
10
     % !TeX spellcheck = en-US
11
      % LTeX: language=en-US
12
      % !TeX encoding = utf8
13
     % !TeX program = <%= latexcompiler %>
14
15
     <% if (requiresShellEscape) { -%>
16
     % !TeX TXS-program:compile = txs:///<%= latexcompiler %>/[--shell-escape]
      <% } -%>
17
      % !BIB program = <%= bibtextool %>
18
     % -*- coding:utf-8 mod:LaTeX -*-
19
20
      <% switch (documentclass) { case "lncs": -%>
     <% break; case "ieee": -%>
46
47
     % DO NOT DOWNLOAD IEEEtran.cls - Use the one of your LaTeX distribution
48
49
     % For the final version, replace "draftcls" by "final"
50
     \documentclass[<%= ieee_variant %>,<%= papersize %>paper,english]{IEEEtran}[2015/08/26]
     <%- include('siunitx.preamble.en.tex'); %>
163
```

# siunitx.preamble.en.tex and siunitx.example.en.tex

```
\usepackage[group-minimum-digits=4,per-mode=fraction]{siunitx}
     <%= heading2 %>{Typesetting Units}
     <%- bexample %>
     Numbers can written plain text (such as 100), by using the siunitx package like that:
     SI{100}{\km\per\hour},
     or by using plain \LaTeX{} (and math mode):
     $100 \frac{\mathit{km}}{h}$.
     <%- eexample %>
9
     <%- bexample %>
10
     SI{5}{\operatorname{percent} of SI{10}{kg}}
11
     <%- eexample %>
12
13
     <%- bexample %>
14
     Numbers are automatically grouped: \num{123456}.
     <%- eexample %>
16
```

### **Automatic CI Check on GitHub**



