On TEX and Greek...

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1 Some historical background

The first person who made greek characters for TEX was D. E. Knuth; each CM font contains the greek uppercase characters. These are excellent for greek text as well as for mathematics. Only two remarks could be made: first, the Υ is actually a calligraphic form of Y and the latter is more frequently used in Greece; second, the typewriter $\Gamma, \Delta, \ldots, \Omega$ don't have much in common with greek typewriting.

Knuth also did the well known lowercase greek characters α , $\beta \dots \omega$ for use in mathematics. These are not suitable for greek text.

The American Mathematical Society added a digamma (F), probably for the sake of completeness (the author would be interested to find out in which area of mathematics a digamma is or could be used).

Then came Silvio Levy [1], who created an entirely new family of greek fonts (roman, slanted, boldface, typewriter). These fonts are partly coded in 8-bit and Silvio uses ligatures and macros to obtain the characters in the ASCII range 129–256.

As a matter of fact, Silvio's idea was to have as many combinations of accents, breathings and subscript iota as possible and at the same time integrate a new feature concerning sigmas, namely an automatic choice between the medial σ and the final ς . For this, he included every possible combination σ $+ \langle character \rangle$ as characters of the font (obtained by ligatures) and defined s to be s in all other cases. This is a brillant idea, but has a major disadvantage: instead of 2 font positions σ , ζ it needs 58. This forces him, because of lack of space, to use the \accent primitive in the case of the combination $\langle breathing \rangle + \langle grave\ accent \rangle$ (", "). Of course, as he already points out, this doesn't harm hyphenation since these accent combinations appear only on monosyllables. Also, Silvio announced an hyphenation table, without specifying for which kind of Greek.

A year later, Klaus Thull and the author [2] made some changes to Silvio's fonts:

- reducing them to 128 characters, because of problems with some drivers,
- making a new family of one-accent fonts (the official system in Greece),
- adding a SMALL CAPITALS font, a few ancient greek characters (F, F, L, L, L, L, L, L) and hyphenation patterns for modern "post-1974" greek (δημοτική).

2 What comes next

Since the release of TEX 3.0, many efforts have been undertaken to establish standards for 256-character CM fonts. These fonts—or at least tentative versions of them—have been presented in Cork 1990 and in Vienna 1991 and contain a maximum of accented characters to suit most of the occidental languages.

Besides supporting 8-bit input, the new TEX also allows hyphenation of different languages in the same document. In this way, soon we will have different pattern tables included in the plain format of the standard TEX-distribution. As a matter of fact, Mike Ferguson has proposed to coordinate such a collection of hyphenation patterns.

And what about greek? Before considering hyphenation problems, a standard font table should be fixed! I think it is time to take this step: choosing a standard greek font table and starting to work with it. In the appendix of this note, I propose a font table. All combinations of characters, accents, breathings and subscript iota are present as individual characters, reached by ligatures. Special symbols by Oxford in epigraphical texts [3] are included. Note that positions '013 and '040 are blank on purpose to maintain compatibility with PostScript fonts¹.

Of course this is just a proposal and I would like to collect your opinions and ideas. Other possible choices are:

- 1. Silvio's font table (see [1, p. 24]),
- 2. the greek standard 8-bit ASCII code,
- 3. greek PC (for example [4, p. 212]) or Macintosh (greek family script) 8-bit ASCII code, and finally
- 4. an entirely new one.

Choices 2 and 3 are more "open to the outside world" but have a major disadvantage: they don't contain all characters needed for classical greek.

Concerning multi-accent and one-accent systems, I think it is only natural to share the same font table (in the second case all breathings and the subscript iota will be missing and all accents replaced by the "universal accent", which also needs to be standardized!). Of course many greek TEX-users will say that 'multi-accented characters are only old junk'; I would answer that the first principle of TEX is universality, therefore the fonts used for classical or modern greek should be compatible.

¹ Have you ever tried to use cmr10 in Illustrator 3.0?

3 Problems.

Besides a choice of the font table, there are some problems which should be discussed, concerning the transliteration of Greek in 7-bit ASCII. The latter can still be useful for electronic mail and other media or devices which don't allow 8-bit. I think that Silvio's transliteration

α	β	Υ	60	ε	ζ	η	θ	t	x	λ	μ
a	Ъ	g	d	е	z	h	j	i	k	1	m
	50			_							
ν	ۍ.	0	к	ρ	σ, ς	τ	υ	φ	χ	ψ	ω

has become a standard (I still get messages from people using x for χ th for θ , y for υ , which can cause quite a confusion...). In [2] a slight modification to Silvio's transliteration is proposed: c for ς . I have another modification to propose: υ , V for the letter digamma \digamma , F. This is some kind of rehabilitation of this letter, which was rather common in some ancient greek idioms (who would deny the beauty of Sapfo's

άλλὰ κὰμ μὲν γλῶσσα Γέαγε, λέπτον δ' αὔτικα χρῶι πῦρ ὑπαδεδρόμακεν, ὁππάτεσι δ' οὐδ' ἔν ὄρρημ' ἐπιρρόμβεισι [δ' ἄκουαι)

But there is a problem: the circumflex accent. Silvio encodes it as "which-at least visually-is the most natural choice. But ~ is active in TEX and plays an important rôle in line breaking. Silvio has to enclose greek text inside a group where ~ is non-active; this brings several inconveniences, which could be avoided. I propose to change the transliteration of the circumflex accent. The next most natural choice would be ^ (in french "accent circonflexe"). But unfortunately, the same problem would appear. If you look at the standard ASCII table (see [5, p. 367]) only the four characters *, +, =, | are possible choices. The characters * and | should be eliminated because of their uses in various T_{FX} -constructions. Only + and = remain unused. Therefore I propose = as a 7-bit transliteration of the circumflex accent. A sequence like

Ποῦ πῆγε ὁ ζῆλος τῶν παλιῶν ἡμερῶν; would be typed as

Po=u p=hge <o z=hloc t=wn pali=wn
 <hmer=wn?

For the minor inconvenience of typing = when you really want a = you will be using greek fonts in a straightforward manner, like CM fonts.

Similar problems arise with diaeresis (διαλυτικά) and subscript iota (ὑπογεγραμμένη). All this has to be discussed.

4 A Greek TEX Users (sub-) Group

There is a lot of work which remains to be done – and more and more people wanting to use TEX for greek, and potentially being able to contribute –:

- hyphenation tables should be made according to TEX 3.0 and the new standard font (once it's established). The recent release of a greek dictionnary on electronic media should be exploited;
- IATEX and AMS-TEX styles should be created;
- new fonts, like a typewriter font which would look like greek typewriting, and sans-serifs should be made;
- greek PostScript fonts should be gathered and the corresponding .tfm files created. They then could be used as virtual fonts;
- introductory and TEX-educational material should be translated to greek; and finally the most important:
- all this should be gathered, ordered, documented and made available by the maximum number of servers. Some part of it could also be included in the standard TFX distribution.

And before even starting, there should be a solid discussion on the standardization problems I mentioned in previous sections.

Therefore I solemnly propose the creation of some structure (or sub-structure of TUG) which will take the responsibility for distributing and coordinating the tasks. Please send me your opinions, ideas and proposals, either to my bitnet address or to my physical address. I propose that the deadline (minus a week) for submission of technical papers for the first regular issue of TUGboat, volume 13 (November 19), be a (tentative) deadline for your answers, after which I'll collect the informations and statistics, and announce them through the TUGboat (that is, after agreement of the editorial board).

I especially invite TEX users in Greece to contact me, because of my lacunary knowledge on TEX-activities in Greece.

5 Say it in Greek...

Καί στὰ έλληνικὰ τώρα: πρῶτα ἀπ' ὅλα θὰ ἤθελα νὰ εὐχαριστήσω τοὺς ἐκδότες τοῦ TUGboat ποὺ μοῦ ἐπέτρεψαν νὰ ἐκφραστῶ στὰ ἑλληνικὰ μέσα ἀπ' τἰς στῆλες τοῦ περιοδικοῦ. Κι αὐτὸ γιὰ νὰ σᾶς προτείνω, μὲ πιὸ πολλὴ

signs, since that tells TEX to insert the proper spacing for mathematics.

² according to Knuth ([5, p. 51]): You can also type + and =, to get the corresponding symbols + and =; but it's much better to use such characters only in math mode, i.e., enclosed between two \$

ἔμφαση νὰ συνεργασθοῦμε ὅλοι μάζι γιὰ νὰ φτιάξουμε ἔνα ἑλληνικὸ ΤΕΧ ποὺ νὰ ξεπερνάει τἰς νόρμες τῶν διαφόρων χωρῶν, νὰ εἶναι κοινὸ γιὰ τὰ ἀρχαῖα καὶ τὰ νέα, καὶ ποὺ νὰ ἐκμεταλλεύεται ὅλες τἰς δυνατότητες τῶν ἐπεκτάσεων τοῦ ΤΕΧ: IΔΤΕΧ, ΑΜS-ΤΕΧ κ.ὅ.κ.

Προηγουμένως ἀνέφερα μιὰ σειρὰ ἀπὸ ἐργασίες ποὺ πρέπει ἀκόμα νὰ γίνουν. Νομίζω ὅτι μόνο μὲ μιὰ ὀργανωμένη προσπάθεια μποροῦμε νὰ ἀνταπεξέλθουμε σ' αὐτὸ τὸ ἔργο, σὲ πεπερασμένο χρόνο. Προτείνω λοιπὸν πρῶτα νὰ κάνω μιὰ καταγραφὴ

- τῶν ἀπόψεών σας πάνω στὰ προβλήματα ποὺ προανέφερα (κώδικα τῶν γραμματοσειρῶν, μεταγλώττιση τῆς περισπωμένης, τῶν διαλυτικῶν καὶ τῆς ὑπογεγραμμένης),
- τοῦ τὶ ἔχει γίνει κιόλας, ποὺ νὰ μποροῦσε νὰ χρησιμοποιηθεῖ,
- τοῦ κατὰ πόσον θέλετε, ἀλλὰ καὶ μπορεῖτε νὰ βοηθήσετε.

Έπίσης προτείνω τὴν ἴδρυση μιᾶς ἑλληνικῆς ὀμάδας φίλων³ τοῦ ΤΕΧ, εἴτε σὰν ὑποομάδας τοῦ ΤΕΧ Users Group, εἴτε ἀνεξάρτητης (τὸ ὄνομα θὰ μποροῦσε νὰ εἴναι ΕΦΤΕΧ: "Ελληνες Φίλοι τοῦ ΤΕΧ ἢ κάτι ἄλλο). Αὐτὸ θὰ προωθοῦσε τὴν συνεργασία⁴ καὶ θὰ διευκόλυνε τὴν πληροφόρηση τῶν ὁλοένα καὶ πιὸ πολλῶν – Ἑλλήνων καὶ ξένων— ποὺ θέλουν νὰ γράψουν στὰ Ἑλληνικὰ μὲ τὸ ΤΕΧ.

Σᾶς προσααλῶ λοιπὸν νὰ δώσετε δυναμικὰ τὸ παρὸν καὶ νὰ μοῦ μεταφέρετε τἰς ἀπόψεις, ἰδέες, καὶ προπαντὸς τἰς προτάσεις σας. Ἐπίσης προβλέπονται συζητήσεις πάνω σ' αὐτὸ τὸ θέμα στὰ Συνέδρια τοῦ ΤΕΧ ποὺ θὰ γίνουν στὸ Dedham (ΗΠΑ) στὶς 15 μὲ 18 Ἰουλίου, στὸ Παρίσι στὶς 23 μὲ 26 Σεπτεμβρίου καὶ στὸ ʿΑμβοῦργο (κατὰ πᾶσα πιθανότητα) κάποτε τὸ φθινόπωρο τοῦ 1991.

6 And a motto

Following the tradition of the *The TEXbook* of placing the motto at the end, here is mine:⁵

Ποῦ πᾶς γυμνὸς καλὲ μου Μιγκέλ; γέμισε ὁ τόπος μὲ κηλίδες ἀπουσίας.

Τὶς τεφροδόχους κλεῖσαν σὲ κρυφὴ σπηλιὰ καὶ μᾶς πουλᾶνε ἐνέσεις εὐθυμίας.

('Αλχαῖος)

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7 Appendix: The font table

	10	1	2	<i>'3</i>	4	<i>'</i> 5	6	77	
'02x		1	[{	}	<	>	″1x
'03x	o	3/	9	24	r	γ	.4	S.	ТX
'04x		!		#	\$	%	&	′	″2x
~05x	()	*		,	1		/	
'06x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	″2
'07x	8	9	:	•	e	=	,	;	"3x
10x	@	A	В	Σ	Δ	E	Φ	Γ	″4x
<u> 11x</u>	Н	I	Θ	K	Λ	M	N	О	
12x	П	X	Р	Σ	T	Y	F	Ω	″5x
′13x	Ξ	Ψ	Z	[ξ]	Λ	P	Эх
14x	,	α	β	ς	δ	ε	φ	γ	″6x
′15x	η	t	θ	ж	λ	μ	ν	0	O.A.
′16x	π	χ	ρ	σ	τ	υ	F	ω	″7x
′17x	ξ	ψ	ζ	"	,))	~	_	/ X
'20x	ά	δt	å	ઢ	À	ģ.	å	δķ	″8x
'21x	ά	ő.	ά	å	ά	ğ.	ζ.	å	OX
'22x	ã	ð	ð	4	~	δ.	ð.	y	″9x
'23x	ή	ή	ή	η	Ì	ή	ή	ñ	JA
'24x	ή	ή	ή	ή	ή	ň	ň	ñ	"Ax
´25x	$\tilde{\eta}$	ή	ή	~	ñ	ň	ň	_	AA
´26x	ώ	ယ်	ယ်	చి	ψ	ώ	ώ	ῷ	"Bx
	ယ်	ű	ധ്	۵	ψ	φ	φ	φ	- DA
	ũ	డు	చ		ῷ	φ	ζ.		"Cx
<u>'31x</u>	ì	į	l.	ĩ	ΰ	ն	ů	8	O.A.
'32x	ί	ĩ	ĩ	ĩ	ర	ប័	៥	បិ	″Dx
′33x	ĩ	Į į	Ĭ		ũ	δ	ů		
'34x	દે	٤	Ě	£	ò	δ	ò	δ	"Ex
′35x	έ	Ĕ	Ě	ξ	ó	ő	ő	õ	
′36x	ï	t	t	ĩ	Ü	Ü	Ú	ű	"Fx
′37x	φ	η	φ	δ	Å	1	Ÿ	-	
	″8	″9	"A	"B	"C	"D	"E	"F	

References

- [1] Silvio Levy: Using Greek Fonts with TEX, TUGboat, 9 (1988) 20-24.
- [2] Klaus Thull and Yannis Haralambous: Typesetting Modern Greek with 128 Character Codes, *TUGboat*, 10 (1989) 354–358.
- [3] Marcus N. Tod (ed), A Selection of Greek Historical Inscriptions, Oxford 1948.
- [4] Χρῆστος Κοίλιας, 'Οδηγὸς Χρήστη τοῦ MS-DOS v. 3.3, 'Αθήνα 1988.
- [5] Donald E. Knuth, The TEXbook (9th printing), Reading 1989.

³ είσαι φίλος; γίνε μέλος!...

⁴ ἢ θὰ τὴν χάλαγε τελείως...

⁵ sorry for the lack of greek sans-serif quotation fonts, it's one of the things which have to be done.